AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A polyalkene amine formulation, comprising: at least one polyalkene amine in a solvent,

wherein the formulation has at least one of the following low temperature properties:

- a) a cloud point less than or equal to -28°C [[(]] determined according to DIN ISO 3015 or DIN EN 23015[[)]];
- b) a pour point less than or equal to -27°C [[(]] determined according to DIN ISO 3016[[)]]; and/or
 - c) no crystalline precipitates after storage at a temperature in the region of about -35°C;

wherein the solvent is selected from mixtures of:

S1) at least one n- or iso-C₁₀-C₁₄ paraffin,

S2) at least one C₁₀-C₁₄ naphthene; and

wherein S1 and S2 are present in a mixing ratio of from 10:90 to 90:10.

Claim 2 (Previously Presented): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the pour point ranges from about -27 to -55°C and/or the cloud point ranges from about -28 to -51°C.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the solvent has

a density [[(]] at 15° C[[,]] according to ASTM D 4052 [[,]] and EN ISO 12185-1996[[)]] in the range from about 650 to 900 kg/m³, and/or

a viscosity [[(]] at 20°C[[,]] according to ASTM D 445[[)]] in the range from about 1.0 to 5.0 mm²/s.

Claims 4-6 (Canceled).

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the polyalkene moiety of the polyalkene amine is [[the]] \underline{a} polymerization product of identical or different, straight-chain or branched C_2 - C_6 olefin monomers.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 7, wherein the polyalkene moiety of the polyalene amine has a number-average molecular weight Mn of from about 200 to 10 000.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 8, wherein the polyalkenes polyalkene moiety of the polyalene amine is derived from iso-butene or an isobutenic monomer mixture.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 9, wherein the polyalkene moiety of the polyalene amine is a polyisobutene (PIB).

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the polyalkene amine is a polyisobutene amine (PIBA) which is derived from a polyisobutene having at least one of the following properties:

a) a fraction of vinylidene double bonds of at least 70 mol%, based on polyisobutene;

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b) a polyisobutene polymer structure composed of comprises at least 85% by weight of isobutene units; and

c) a polydispersity in the range from 1.05 to 7.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the polyalkene amine is [[the]] <u>a</u> reaction product of a polyalkene with an amine of the following general formula I:

$$HNR^1R^2$$
 (I)

wherein

R¹ and R² are each independently H, a C₁-C₁₈-alkyl, C₂-C₁₈-alkenyl, C₄-C₁₈-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₁₈-alkylaryl, hydroxy-C₁-C₁₈-alkyl, poly(oxyalkyl), polyalkylene polyamine or a polyalkylene imine radical; or, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a heterocyclic ring.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the PIBA polyalkene amine is a polyisobutene amine used is the reaction product of [[the]] a hydroformylation and subsequent reductive amination of reactive polyisobutene PIB.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The formulation according to claim 1, wherein the solvent is the process solvent of [[the]] hydroformylation and subsequent reductive amination of reactive polyisobutene PIB.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): A PIB-polyisobutene formulation, comprising:

PIBA polyisobutene amine in a mixture comprising

a solvent as defined in claim 3,

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wherein PIBA polyisobutene amine is present in a fraction of at least about 63% by weight, based on [[the]] a total weight of the mixture;

wherein the solvent has

a density at 15°C according to ASTM D 4052 and EN ISO 12185-1996 in the range from about 650 to 900 kg/m³, and/or

a viscosity at 20°C according to ASTM D 445 in the range from about 1.0 to 5.0 mm²/s;

wherein the solvent is selected from mixtures of:

S1) at least one n- or iso-C₁₀-C₁₄ paraffin,

S2) at least one C₁₀-C₁₄ naphthene; and

wherein S1 and S2 are present in a mixing ratio of from 10:90 to 90:10.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): A fuel or lubricant composition, comprising:

[[,]] in a majority of a fuel or lubricant, an amount, effective as an additive, of a formulation according to claim 1.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): An printing ink, comprising:

The use of a as an additive the formulation according to claim 1

- a) as an additive for fuel or lubricant compositions, or
- b)— as an additive for printing inks.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): The use according to claim 17 as an additive A method for improving the intake system-cleaning action of a gasoline fuel, comprising: adding the formulation according to claim 1 to a gasoline fuel, to obtain a mixture;

and

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contacting the mixture with said intake system.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): An additive package, comprising:

a formulation according to claim 1, if appropriate optionally in combination with at least one further coadditive.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): The use of a solvent S1, S2 or of A method for

improving the low temperature performance of polyisobutene amine, comprising:

adding a mixture of solvents S1 and S2 as defined in claim 5 for improving the low temperature performance of to polyisobutene amine PIBA;

wherein wherein

S1) is at least one n- or iso-C₁₀-C₁₄ paraffin,

S2) is at least one C_{10} - C_{14} naphthene;

wherein S1 and S2 are present in a mixing ratio of from 10:90 to 90:10.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): A process for preparing a polyalkene amine formulation according to claim 1, wherein

a) <u>dissolving</u> a polyalkene as defined in claim 7 is dissolved in a solvent mixture,

to obtain a solution as defined in claim 3;

wherein said polyalkene is a polymerization product of identical or different,

straight-chain or branched C2-C6 olefin monomers;

wherein said solvent mixture comprises

S1) at least one n- or iso-C₁₀-C₁₄ paraffin,

S2) at least one C₁₀-C₁₄ naphthene; and

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wherein S1 and S2 are present in a mixing ratio of from 10:90 to 90:10;

- b) <u>hydroformylating</u> the solution is hydroformylated in a manner known per se in the presence of CO and H₂, to obtain an oxo product; and
- c) <u>aminating said the resulting</u> oxo product is aminated under hydrogenating conditions in the presence of an amine of the above following formula I in claim 12

$$HNR^1R^2$$
 (I)

wherein

 R^1 and R^2 are each independently H, a C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl, C_2 - C_{18} -alkenyl, C_4 - C_{18} -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_{18} -alkylaryl, hydroxy- C_1 - C_{18} -alkyl, poly(oxyalkyl), polyalkylene polyamine or a polyalkylene imine radical; or, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, are a heterocyclic ring.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): The process according to claim 21, wherein [[a]] the solution is preferred in stage a) whose has solvent fraction [[is]] of at most 40% by weight based on [[the]] a total weight of the solution.